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ABSTRACT

Thesis 53 p., 39 fig., 1 table., 78 sources.

MODIFICATION OF METAL SURFACE, TITANIUM NANOTUBES, MESOPOROUS SURFACE OF TITANIUM, DRUG DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION OF MUTANT BACTERIA

Attention in this paper is given to the establishment and description of encapsulation systems based on titanium. Such systems can be used effectively for delivery of therapeutic compounds and other active biological molecules (biocides, proteins, DNA). The active compounds are encapsulated in a special method porous surface. It is important to achieve sustained release of active compounds from the surface. Such systems are not only interested in the chemistry, but in biology and in medicine. In this paper, the surface of titanium was modified by different methods to create the surface of thin porous films. The most interesting system obtained by anodization of titanium, as well as by ultrasonic surface treatment. Prepared by anodizing titanium surface layer 1D-oriented TiO₂ nanotubes. Ultrasonic surface treatment led to the formation of mesoporous titanium dioxide layer. It is shown that using mesoporous and anodic coatings of titanium dioxide can be delivery of water-soluble drugs to their local release in infected areas of hard and soft tissue. Also established systems to identify the mutant bacteria. The data indicate significant benefits that can bring these systems in the near future in practice for each area of scientific knowledge.