ELASTIC AND INELASTIC SCATTERING OF ³He IONS ON ¹⁶O NUCLEUS AT 60 MeV

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The differential cross-sections of elastic and inelastic scattering of 3 He ions with E=60 MeV on 16 O nucleus in angular range of 11–148° were measured on the U-150M Kazakh isochronous cyclotron.

The analysis of cross-sections of elastically scattered nuclides 3 He on studied nucleus was performed using standard optical model (by code SPI-GENOA [1]) with Woods-Saxon potential with separated form-factors of real and imaginary parts. The optimal values of inter-nuclear interaction potentials are obtained. As a criterion for matching the results of theoretical calculations with experimental data the minimization of the χ^2 values and the values of the volume integrals of the real part of the optical potential were used. The results are presented in Fig. 1 where points are experiment, solid curve are results of theoretical calculation.

Analysis of cross sections of inelastic scattered ions of helium nuclei $^{16}\mathrm{O}$ was carried out using the distorted wave Born approximation (by code DWUCK4 [2]) with form-factor of a macroscopic collective excitation using optimal optical potential parameters obtained from elastic scattering. The results are presented in Fig. 2. The quadrupole deformation parameter $\beta_2 = 0.46$ of nucleus $^{16}\mathrm{O}$ was defined.

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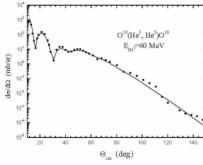


Fig. 1. Differential cross-sections of elastic scattering of ³He ions on ¹⁶O nucleus.

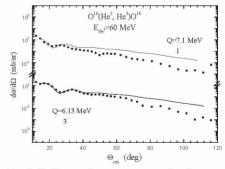


Fig. 2. Differential cross-sections of inelastic scattering of ³He ions on ¹⁶O nucleus at excited state 6.13 and 7.1 MeV.

- 1. F.G.Perey // NBI version, 1976.
- 2. P.D.Kunz. University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, USA (unpublished).