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Leading problems biotechnology research and development is to search and reception of means of struggle against pathogens, which are safe for humans and the environment. In connection with this, the creation of new biopreparations based on bacteria antagonists, and particularly bacteria of the genus Bacillus, is becoming of current interest. We have detected antagonistic activity of bacteria of the genus Bacillus in relation to some representatives of phytopathogenic fungi. The activity of bacteria of the genus Bacillus was mainly fungistatic, and in some cases fungicidal.

Keywords: antagonistic activity, bacteria of the genus Bacillus, phytopathogenic fungi.

Bacteria of the genus Bacillus one of the most diverse and widespread group of microorganisms, which ubiquitous in the environment. Bacteria of the genus Bacillus is a promising object to create biopreparations based on antagonistic strains, because of their ability to sporulate, they are highly resistant to environmental changes [3]. Moreover, microorganisms of this genus can exists in considerable range of temperature and uses as a source of carbon and energy diverse organic and inorganic compounds, that promotes their wide spread in nature (soil, air, water, foodstuffs, human and animals organism) [1].

Success of application of bacteria of the genus Bacillus is based on their high level of antagonistic activity in relation to pathogens of various diseases, because they are synthesize a wide range of biologically active substances (BAS): antibiotics, enzymes, growth regulators, toxins and other compounds with antimicrobial and growth stimulating properties [4]. Probiotics based on bacterium B. subtilis are successfully applied to treat infections of various etiologies in medicine, they are harmless for macroorganism, and they have a wide range treatment-prophylactic effect and environmental safety. It is known about the use of preparations and fodder additives, which include bacteria of the genus of Bacillus as acting source, in veterinary science [2]. Revealed, that representatives of the genus Bacillus are possess bactericidal and fungicidal activity and can be considered as promising biological agents to create antimicrobials [4]. In the protection of plants from pathogens was identified efficacy some strains of bacteria of the genus Bacillus as biofungicides.

We studied antagonistic activity of strains of bacteria of the genus Bacillus towards some representatives phytopathogenic fungi. It was detected antagonistic activity of bacteria Bacillus subtilis and Bacillus cereus toward Fusarium oxysporum. The activity of bacteria of the genus Bacillus was mainly fungistatic, and in some cases fungicidal. Obtained results can identify the most highly active antagonistic strains of bacteria of the genus Bacillus for further use them as effective biofungicides.

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