## INTERSECTION OF CONJUGATED SOLVABLE SUBGROUPS IN A SYMMETRIC GROUP

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Assume that a finite group G acts on a set  $\Omega$ . An element  $x \in \Omega$  is called a G-regular point if |xG| = |G|, i.e. if the stabilizer of x is trivial. Define the action of the group G on  $\Omega^k$  by the rule

$$g:(i_1,\ldots,i_k)\mapsto (i_1g,\ldots,i_kg).$$

If G acts faithfully and transitively on  $\Omega$ , then the minimal number k such that the set  $\Omega^k$  contains a G-regular point is called the *base size* of G and is denoted by b(G). For a positive integer m the number of G-regular orbits on  $\Omega^m$  is denoted by Reg(G,m) (this number equals 0 if m < b(G)). If H is a subgroup of G and G acts by the right multiplication on the set  $\Omega$  of right cosets of H then  $G/H_G$  acts faithfully and transitively on the set  $\Omega$ . (Here  $H_G = \bigcap_{g \in G} H^g$ .) In this case, we denote  $b(G/H_G)$  and  $Reg(G/H_G,m)$  by  $b_H(G)$  and  $Reg_H(G,m)$  respectively.

Thus  $b_H(G)$  is the minimal number k such that there exist elements  $x_1, \ldots, x_k \in G$  for which  $H^{x_1} \cap \ldots \cap H^{x_k} = H_G$ .

Consider the problem 17.41 from "Kourovka notebook" [1]:

Let H be a solvable subgroup of finite group G and G does not contain nontrivial normal solvable subgroups. Are there always exist five subgroups conjugated with H such that their intersection is trivial?

The problem is reduced to the case then G is almost simple in [2]. Specifically, it is proved that if for each almost simple group G and solvable subgroup H of G condition  $Reg_H(G, 5) \ge 5$  holds then for each finite nonsolvable group G and solvable subgroup H of G condition  $Reg_H(G, 5) \ge 5$  holds.

We have proved the following theorem

**Theorem 1.** Let H be a solvable subgroup of an almost simple group G whose socle is isomorphic to  $A_n$ ,  $n \geq 5$ . Then  $Reg_H(G, 5) \geq 5$ . In particular  $b_H(G) \leq 5$ .

## References

- 1. Kourovka notebook. Edition 18. Novosibirsk, 2014.
- 2. Vdovin E.P. On the base size of a transitive group with solvable point stabilizer // Journal of Algebra and Application. 2012. Vol. 11. No. 1. 1250015 (14 pages).