

L-

ECHINACEA PURPUREA

«____» _____ 2015 .

, 2015

62 .., 33 .., 45
ECHINACEA PURPUREA L. MOENCH,

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(*Echinacea purpurea* L. Moench.),

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:

L- (3%) (4%)

:

in vitro,

,

L-

,

,

Echinacea purpurea.

L-

(3%)

250 / ,

.

(4%)

L-

, 50-100 / .

62 .., 33 .., 45 ..
ECHINACEA PURPUREA L. MOENCH,
,

(*Echinacea purpurea* L. Moench.),

: L-
(3%) (4%)

: in
vitro,

. L-
,

Echinacea purpurea.

L-
(3%) 250 / ,

(4%) L-

, 50-100 / .

BSTRACT

Diploma work 62 pages, 33 figures, 45 sources

ECHINACEA PURPUREA L. MOENCH, SUSPENSION CULTURE, HYDROXYCINNAMIC ACID, FLAVONOIDS, PHENOLIC COMPOUNDS, BIOTRANSFORMATION, L-PHENYLALANINE, SUCROSE.

Subject matter of the study: suspension culture *Echinacea purpurea* (*Echinacea purpurea* L. Moench.), derivative from long cultured friable type of callus.

Objective of the study: research of nature of the effect of various concentrations of L-phenylalanine at reference (3%) and increased (4%) content of sucrose in a medium on levels of accumulation of phenolic compounds in cells of suspension culture of an *Echinacea purpurea*.

Research methods: submerged cultivation of plant cells of in vitro, spectrophotometry.

It is established that L-phenylalanine as the immediate predecessor of biosynthesis of the hydroxycinnamic acids and their derivants from which other phenolic compounds are synthesized including flavonoids, is capable to lead to the increase of the rate of accumulation of the specified secondary metabolites in cells of suspension culture of *Echinacea purpurea*. Among the tested concentration of L-phenylalanine against reference concentration of sucrose in a medium (3%) the concentration equal to 250 mg/l can be recommended for practical application as in this option the maximal stimulation of accumulation of the sum of phenolic compounds concerning monitoring without noticeable inhibition of growth processes of the suspension culture under study is noted. In the presence of the increased concentration of sucrose (4%) in a medium the use of L-phenylalanine as the predecessor for biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids and flavonoids can be recommended in lower concentration, in particular 50-100 mg/l.