## AN INVERSE PROBLEM FOR THE WEAKLY DEGENERATE PARABOLIC EQUATION IN A FREE BOUNDARY DOMAIN

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In the free boundary domain  $\Omega_T = \{(x,t) : 0 < x < h(t), 0 < t < T,\}$  where  $h = h(t) > 0, t \in [0,T]$  is an unknown function we consider an inverse problem of identification the time dependent coefficient  $a = a(t) > 0, t \in [0,T]$  in the parabolic equation

$$u_{t} = a(t)\psi(t)u_{xx} + b(x,t)u_{x} + c(x,t)u + f(x,t), \quad (x,t) \in \Omega_{T}$$
(1)

with initial condition

$$(x,0) = \varphi(x), \quad 0 \leqslant x \leqslant h(0), \tag{2}$$

boundary conditions

$$u(0,t) = \mu_1(t), \ u(h(t),t) = \mu_2(t), \quad 0 \leqslant t \leqslant T$$
 (3)

and overdetermination conditions

$$a(t)\psi(t)u_x(0,t) = \mu_3(t), \quad 0 \leqslant t \leqslant T, \tag{4}$$

$$\int_{0}^{h(t)} u(x,t)dx = \mu_4(t), \quad 0 \leqslant t \leqslant T.$$
 (5)

We assume, that  $\psi = \psi(t) > 0$  is an increasing function and  $\psi(0) = 0$ . There was investigated the case of the weak degeneration when

$$\int\limits_0^t \biggl( \int\limits_\tau^t \psi(\sigma) d\sigma \biggr)^{-1/2} d\tau \to 0 \ \ \text{as} \ \ t \to 0.$$

A triplet of functions  $(a, h, v) \in C[0, T] \times C^1[0, T] \times C^{2,1}(Q_T) \cap C^{1,0}(\overline{Q}_T), a(t) > 0, h(t) > 0, t \in [0, T]$  is called a solution to the problem (1)-(5) when it satisfies the conditions (1)-(5).

We established the conditions of the existence of the solution to the problem (1)-(5) on the base of Schauder fixed point theorem and the conditions of uniqueness using the properties of the solutions to the homogeneous Volterra integral equations of the second kind.